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- 1-17. (CANCELED).
- 18. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for oxidizing <u>selenium</u>, <u>vanadium</u>. < <u>nickle</u>, arsenic, manganese, cerium or uranium in an aqueous solution comprising the steps of:
- (i) supplying an oxidizable source of sulphur as a photoabsorber, and oxygen to the solution; and
- (ii) irradiating the solution with UV light such that the <u>selenium</u>, <u>vanadium</u>, <u> < nickle</u>, arsenic, manganese, cerium or uranium is oxidized.
- 19. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the oxidizable source of sulphur is chosen from the group consisting of one or more of SO_3^2 , $SO_2(g)$, aqueous SO_2 , HSO_3^- , $S_2O_3^{2-}$ and $S_4O_6^{2-}$.
- 20. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the inorganic species is present in the aqueous solution in trace quantities.
 - 21. (CANCELED)
- 22. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the wavelength of UV light is less than 300 nm.
- 23. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the oxygen supplied to the solution is derived from air.
- 24. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the oxygen supplied to the solution has a partial pressure of about 0.2 atmospheres.
- 25. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the aqueous solution is one of: drinking water, industrial waste water, or an industrial process liquor.

26-29. (CANCELED)

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- 30. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of oxidizing at least one of <u>selenium</u>. < <u>variadium</u>. nickle. arsenic, manganese, cerium and uranium in an aqueous solution, the method comprising the steps of:
- (i) supplying an oxidizable source of sulphur as a photoabsorber to the solution;
 - (ii) supplying oxygen to the solution; and
- (iii) irradiating the solution with UV light such that oxidation of at least one of the <u>selenium, vanadium, nickle</u>, arsenic, manganese, cerium and uranium occurs.